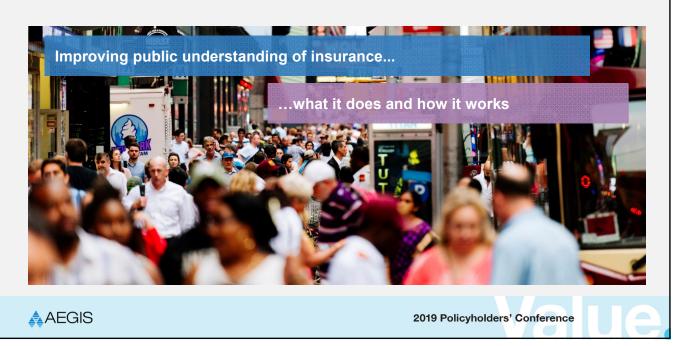
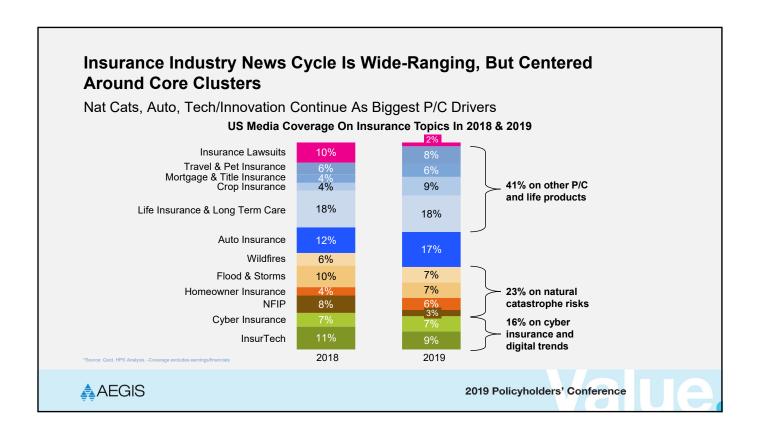
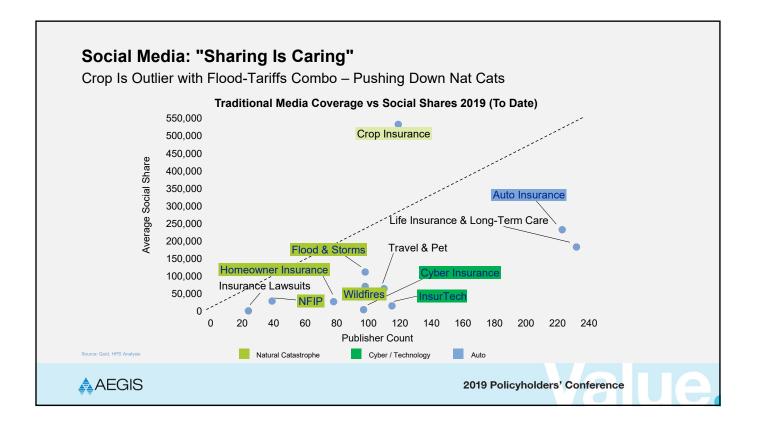
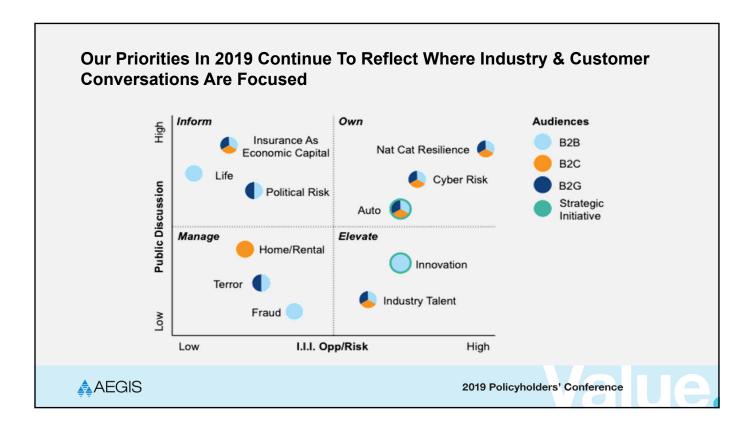


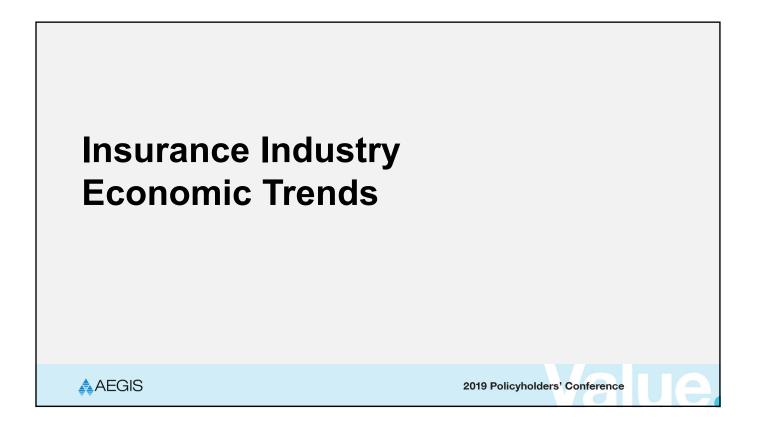
I.I.I. Mission Statement

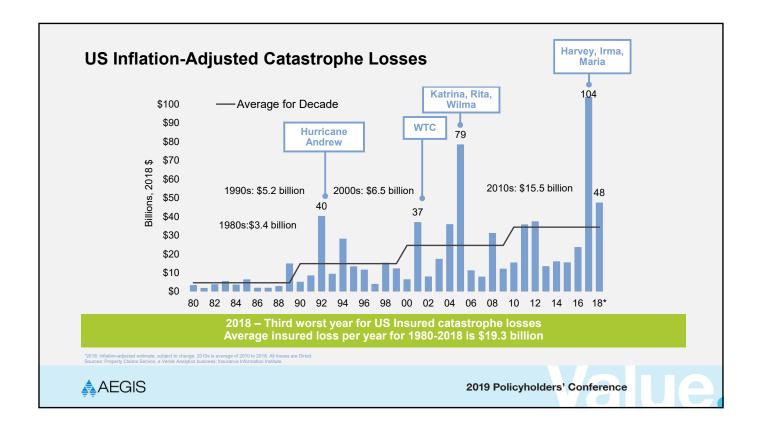


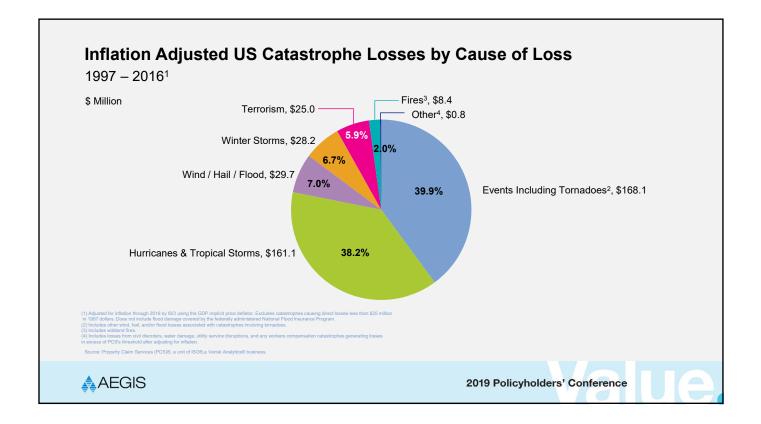


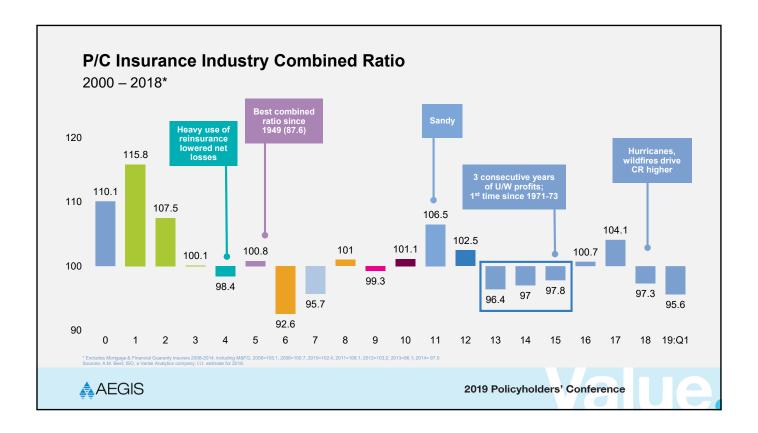


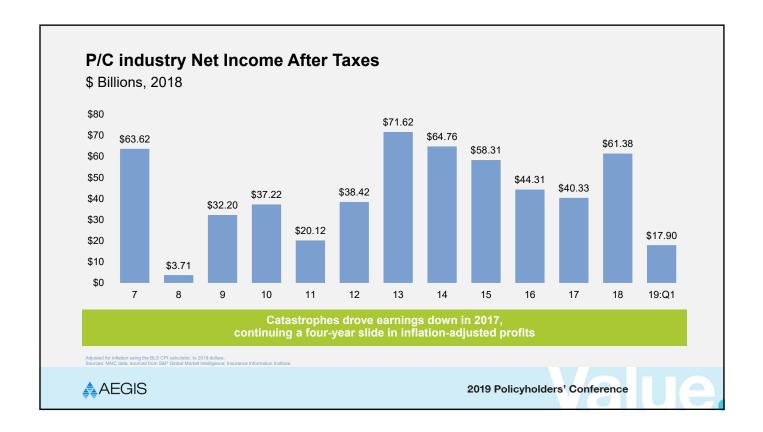


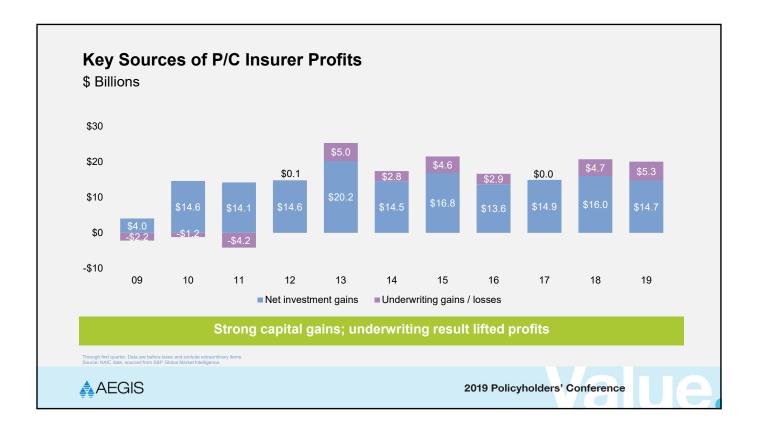


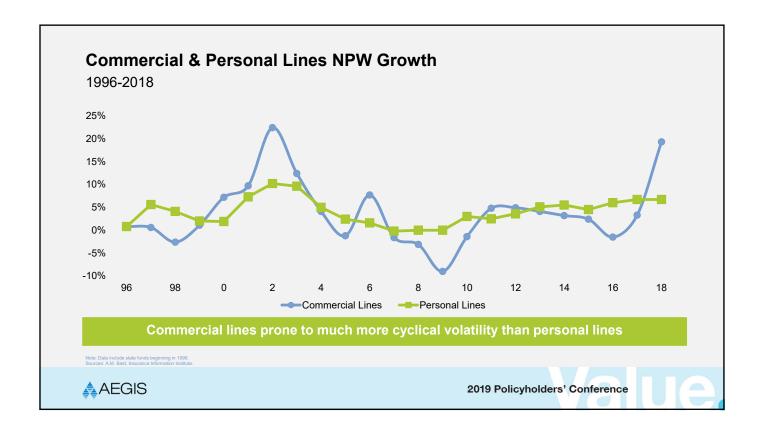


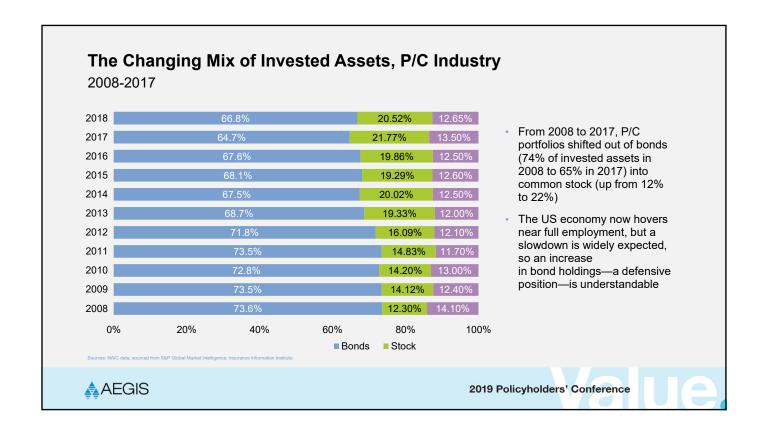


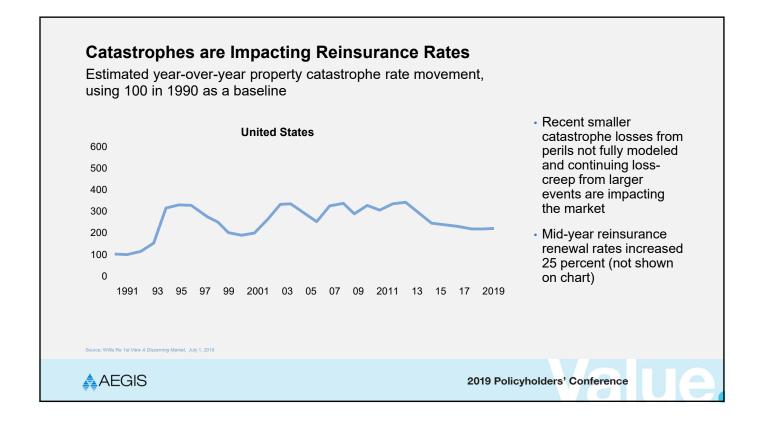


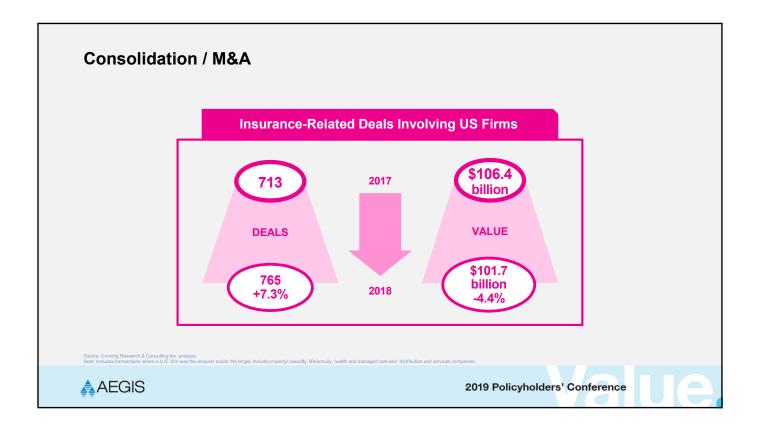


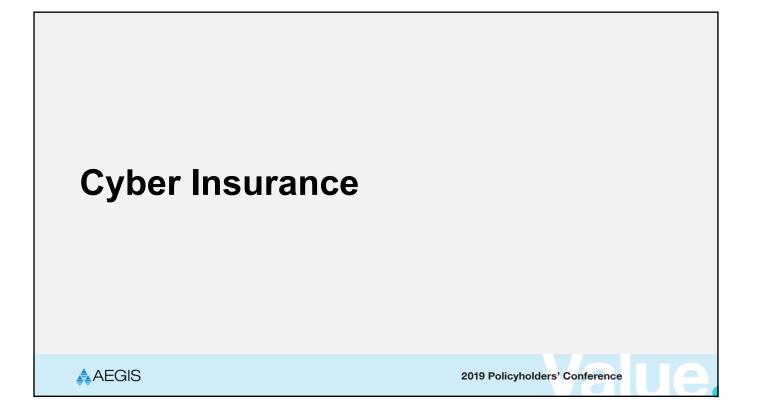


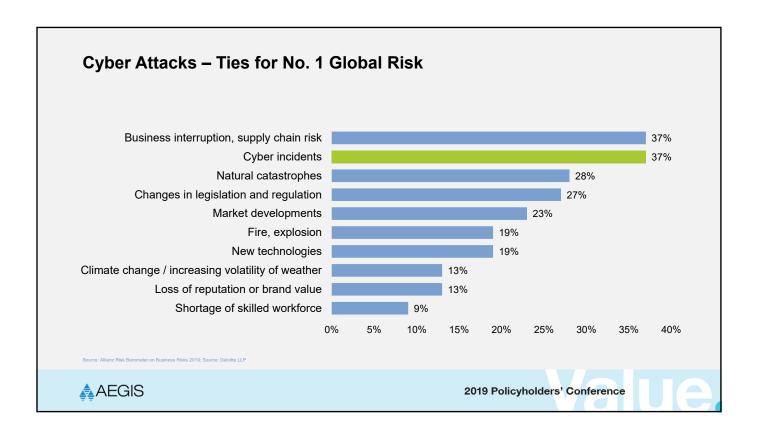


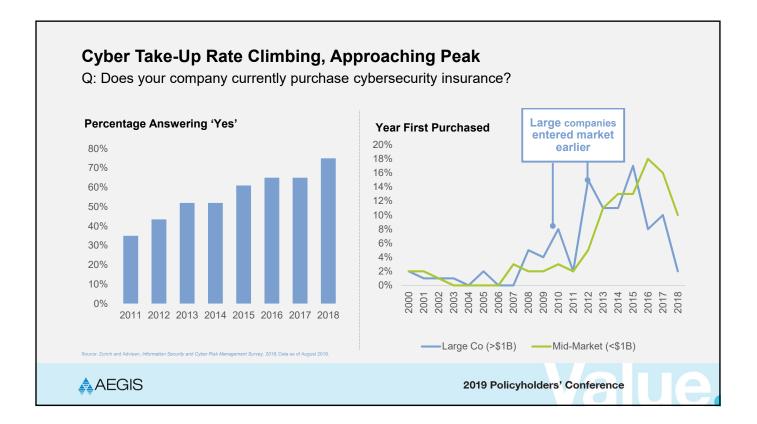


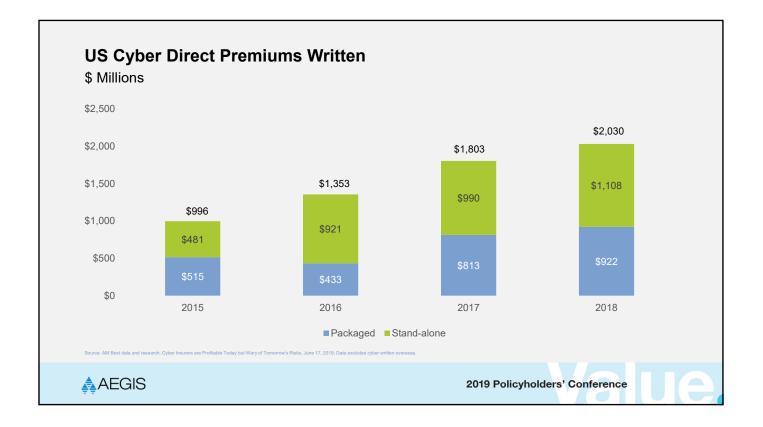


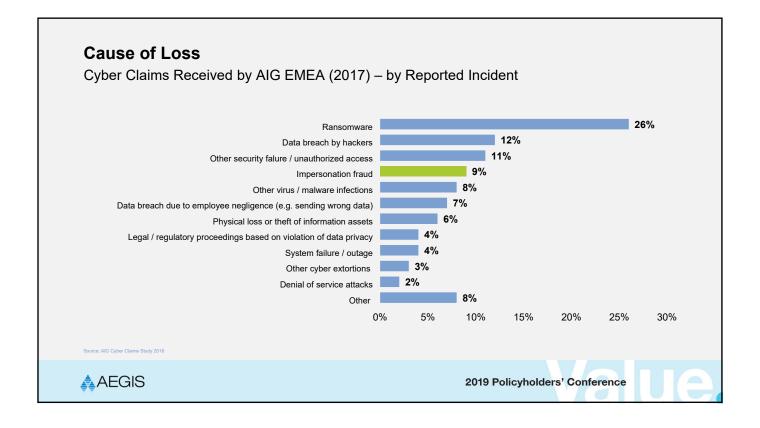




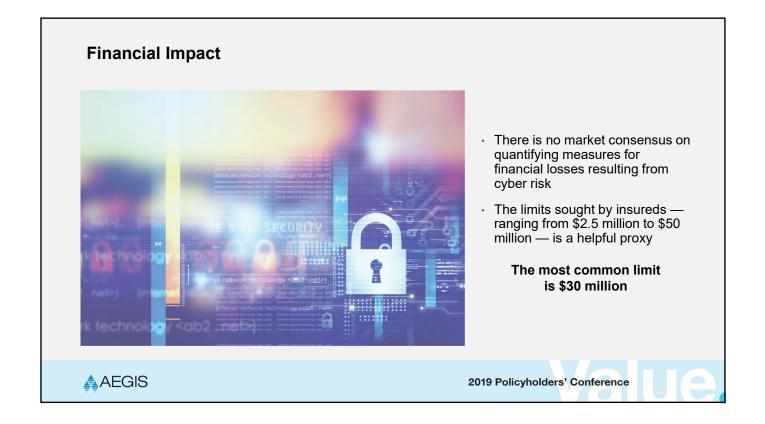


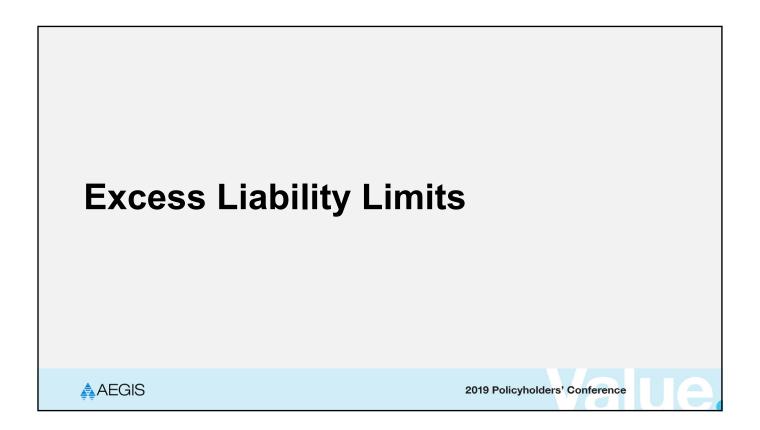


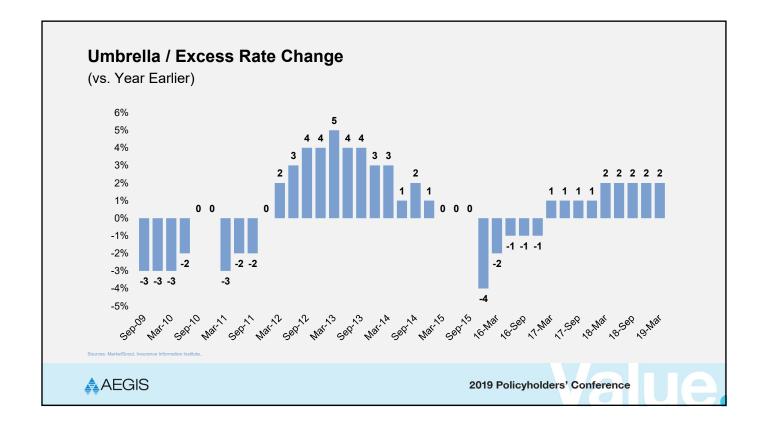


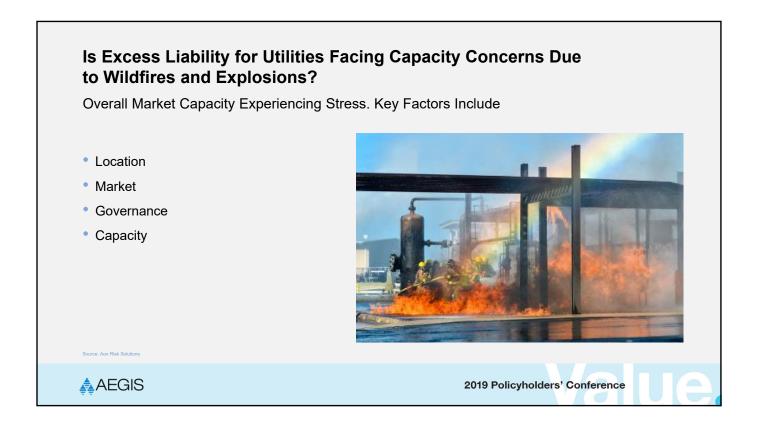


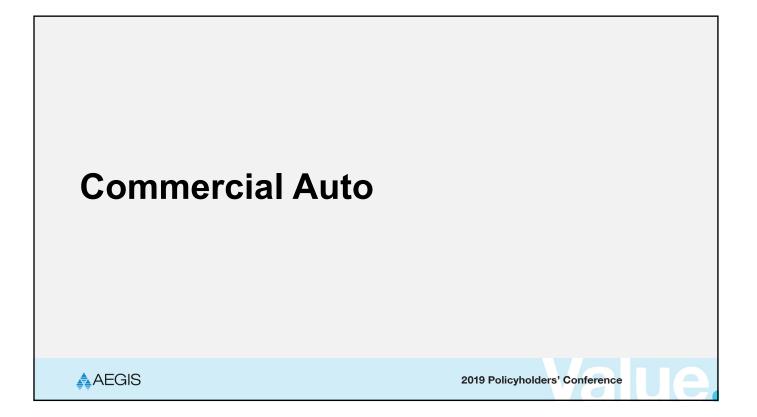
Major Difficulties In Writing	Cyber Coverage
Complexity of Risk	 Threats are becoming more sophisticated Executives, boards, cyber experts, insurers and others struggle to keep up
Lack of Historical Data	 New coverages lack historical data, making pricing difficult Several insurers are developing common data requirements
Risk Accumulation	 Cyber attacks could be massive — a 'cyber hurricane' could cause thousands of claims Some insurers worry that cyber is too big for private sector to handle alone
AEGIS	2019 Policyholders' Conference

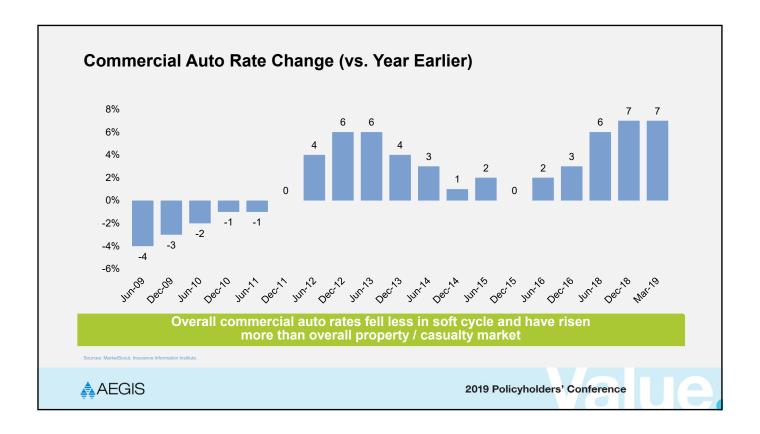


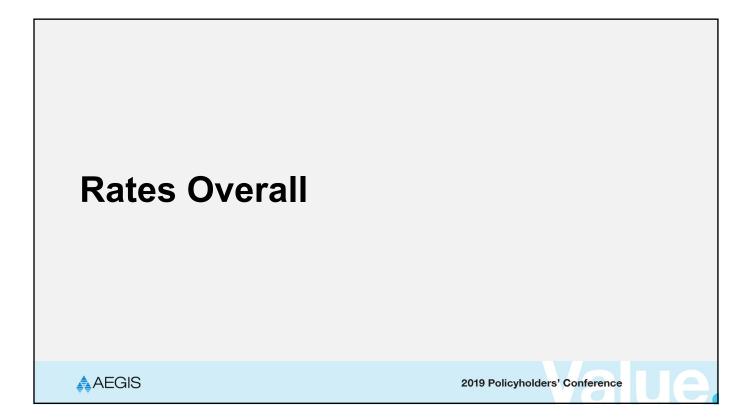


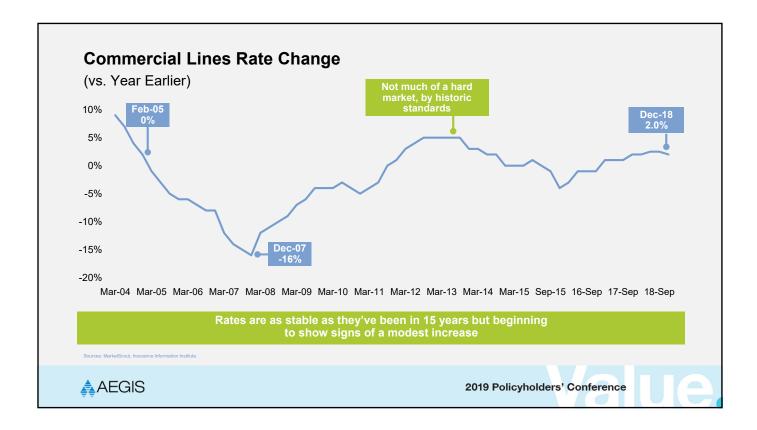




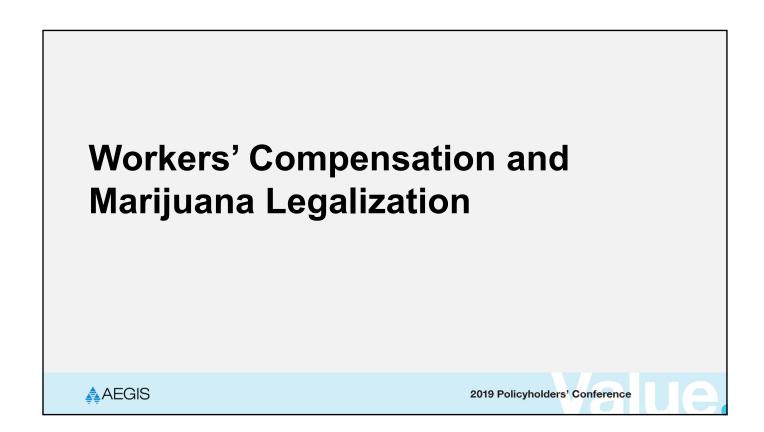


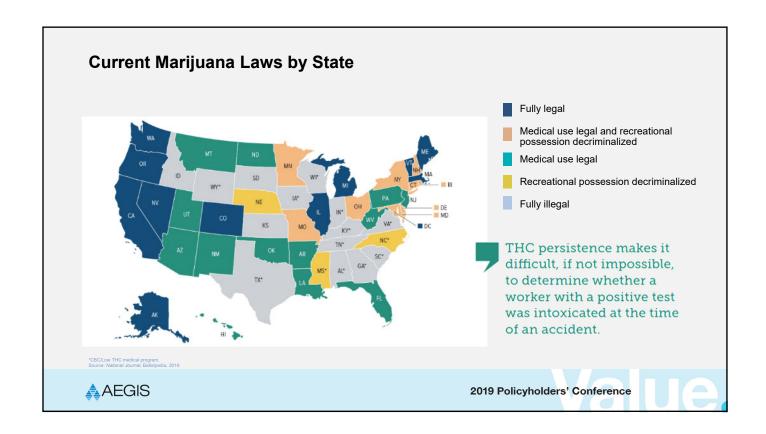




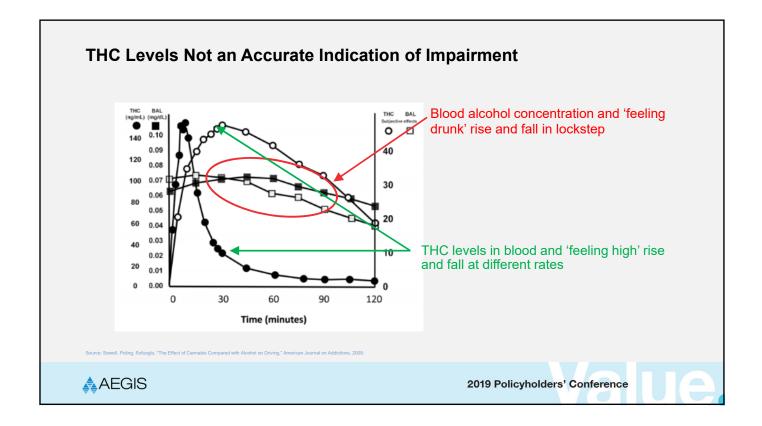


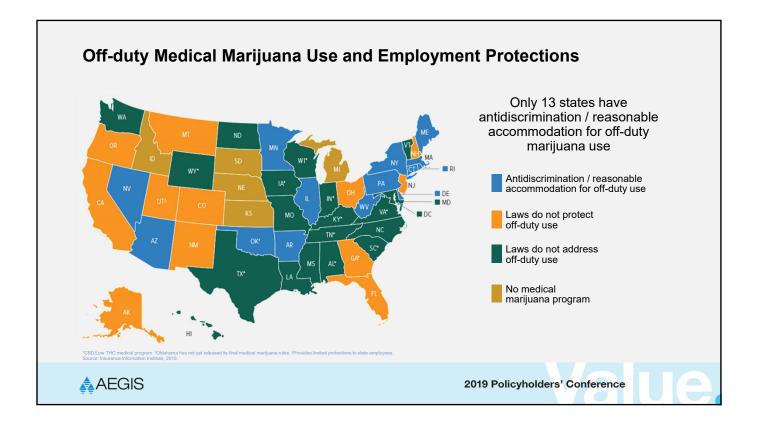




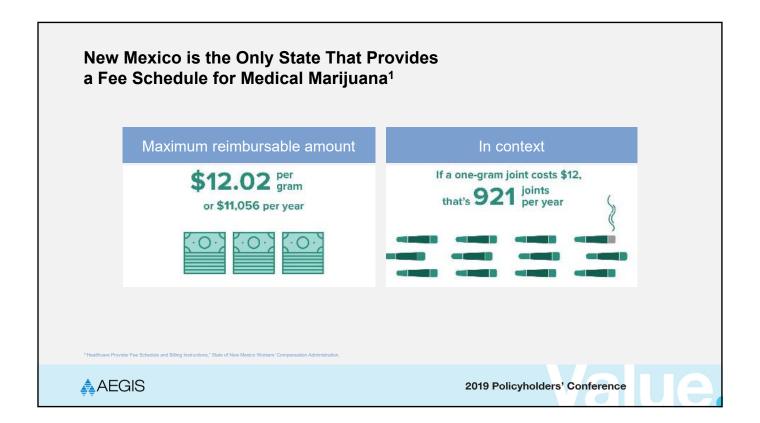








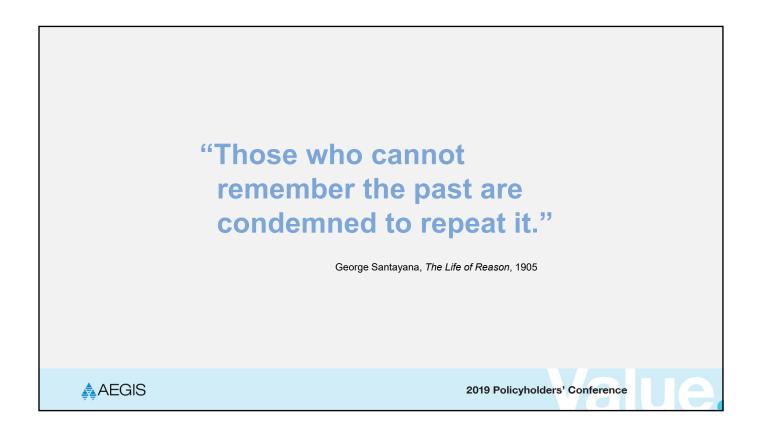












Rank	Date	Event	Cause	Insured Loss (1) (\$ millions)
1	Aug. 2005	Hurricane Katrina	Hurricane	\$41,100
<u>2</u>	<u>Sep. 2017</u>	Hurricane Maria (2)	<u>Hurricane</u>	25,000-30,000
<u>3</u>	<u>Sep. 2017</u>	<u>Hurricane Irma (2)</u>	<u>Hurricane</u>	20,000-25,000
4	Sep. 2001	September 11 Events	Terrorism	18,779
5	Oct. 2012	Hurricane Sandy	Hurricane	18,750
<u>6</u>	<u>Aug. 2017</u>	Hurricane Harvey (2)	<u>Hurricane</u>	<u>16,000-19,000</u>
7	Aug. 1992	Hurricane Andrew	Hurricane	15,500
8	Jan. 1994	Northridge, CA earthquake	Earthquake	12,500
9	Sep. 2008	Hurricane Ike	Hurricane	12,500
10	Oct. 2005	Hurricane Wilma	Hurricane	10,300
		Three of ten worst US cata	astrophes occurred i	n 2017



